AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

These claims replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the abovereferenced application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for adapting test thresholds, comprising the following steps: 2 acquiring location information for a plurality of solder joints on a printed-circuit 3 device: 4 obtaining information indicative of the variation in distance between a mounting 5 surface of the printed-circuit device and a printed-circuit board; recording a measurement 6 of a physical property of a plurality of solder joints used to couple the printed-circuit 7 device to the printed-circuit board; 8 analyzing recorded measurements of a set of neighbor solder joints to calculate 9 estimating a range of acceptable measurements for each respective neighbor solder joint 10 ioints responsive to variation in distance between the mounting surface of the printed-11 circuit device and the printed-circuit board; and 12 setting at least one threshold responsive to the range. 13 (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of acquiring location 2.
- 1 information comprises an investigation of an array package. 2
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of recording comprises 3. 1 a diameter measurement. 2
 - (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of recording comprises 4. a height measurement.

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- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of recording comprises 5. 1 a volume measurement.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the analyzing 6. estimating step comprises performing a statistical analysis on recorded measurements of 2 an identified set of neighbor solder joints.

(Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the statistical analysis 7. l comprises calculating the median of the recorded measurements of the identified set of 2 neighbor solder joints. 3 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the estimating step comprises 1 formulating a best fit polynomial equation using the recorded measurements of a plurality 2 of solder joints. 3 (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the estimating step comprises 9. 1 applying the recorded measurements of a plurality of solder joints in a Fourier analysis. 2 (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the Fourier analysis comprises 10. ١ the application of a high-frequency filter on the recorded measurements of an identified 2 set of solder joints distributed across the surface of the device. 3 (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of setting further 11. 1 comprises: 2 comparing the expected value with the recorded measurement to generate an error 3 value for the plurality of solder joints on the printed-circuit device; and 4 performing an outlier analysis on the plurality of error values to establish at least 5 one threshold value. 6 (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of comparing the 12. 1 expected value with the recorded measurement comprises a mathematical combination of 2 the expected value with the recorded measurement. 3 (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the mathematical 13. 1 combination comprises a difference. 2

1	14. (Currently Amended) A method for identifying solder joint defects,
2	comprising the steps of:
3	recording a measurement associated with a plurality of solder joints on a printed-
4	circuit device;
5	analyzing the measurement associated with each of a set of neighboring solder
6	joints to calculate estimating an expected value for the measurement associated with each
7	of the solder joints that accounts for acceptable variance in the distance between the
8	mounting surfaces of a printed-circuit device and a printed-circuit board coupled by the
9	solder joints;
0	comparing the recorded measurement with the expected value for the plurality of
1	solder joints to generate a respective error value; and
2	identifying defective solder joints by applying an error value outlier analysis to
3	the plurality of error values.
1.	15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording
2	comprises an investigation of an array package.
1	16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording
2	comprises a diameter measurement.
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1	17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of
2	analyzing estimating an expected value for the plurality of solder joints comprises
3	performing a statistical analysis on the recorded measurements of a set of neighboring
4	solder joints.
l	18. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of estimating an
2	expected value for the plurality of solder joints comprises performing a statistical
3	analysis on the recorded measurements of a set of solder joints equidistant from the
4	centroid of the printed-circuit device.
1	19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the statistical analysis
2	comprises calculating the median of the recorded measurements of the identified set of

neighboring solder joints.

1 20. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of estimating an 2 expected value for respective solder joints comprises formulating a best fit polynomial 3 equation using the recorded measurements of the plurality of solder joints.

- 1 21. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of estimating an 2 expected value for the plurality of solder joints comprises applying the recorded 3 measurements of a plurality of solder joints in a Fourier analysis.
- 1 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the Fourier analysis 2 comprises the application of a high-frequency filter on the recorded measurements of a 3 plurality of solder joints.
- 1 23. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of comparing the 2 expected value with the recorded measurement comprises a mathematical combination of 3 the expected value with the respective recorded measurement.
- 1 24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the mathematical 2 combination comprises the difference of the expected value with the respective recorded 3 measurement.
- 1 25. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the step of identifying 2 defective solder joints comprises a box plot analysis responsive to the plurality of error 3 values.

l	26. (Currently Amended) An improved solder-joint inspection system,
2	comprising:
3	means for measuring at least one characteristic of a plurality of solder joints
4	located within a select area of on a printed-circuit device;
5	means for computing an expected value for the measured characteristic for each
6	of the plurality of solder joints that varies as a function of distance between the mounting
7	surface of the printed-circuit device and a printed-circuit board over the select area of the
8	printed circuit device; and
9	means for formulating an error value as a function of the measured characteristic
10	and the expected value for the plurality of solder joints.
1	27. (Original) The system of claim 26, further comprising:
2	means for analyzing the plurality of error values to identify solder joint defects.
1	28. (Original) The system of claim 27, wherein the means for analyzing
2	comprises a box plot.
l	29. (Original) The system of claim 26, wherein the means for measuring
2	comprises an automated X-ray inspection system.
1	30. (Original) The system of claim 26, wherein the means for measuring
2	comprises an optical inspection system.

1	31. (Currently Amended) A solder-joint defect analysis detection program
2	stored on a computer-readable medium, comprising:
3	logic configured to record at least one characteristic of a plurality of solder joints
4	located within a select area of on a printed-circuit device;
5	logic configured to determine an expected value for the at least one characteristic
6	for the plurality of solder joints responsive to low frequency change in a solder joint
7	characteristics across the device;
8	logic configured to generate an error value from a mathematical combination of
9	the expected value and the recorded characteristic for the plurality of solder joints on the
10	printed-circuit device; and
11	logic configured to identify error value outliers.
1	32. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the logic configured to
2	record records at least one characteristic of a solder joint associated with an array
3 ′	package.
1	33. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the logic configured to
2	determine an expected value reflects a statistical analysis of the recorded characteristic.
1	34. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the statistical analysis
2	comprises calculating a median.
	35. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the logic configured to
1	35. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the logic configured to generate an error value calculates the difference of the recorded characteristic and the
2	
3	expected value.
1	36. (Original) The program of claim 31, wherein the logic configured to
2.	identify error value outliers comprises a box plot analysis.
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1	37. (Original) The program of claim 36, wherein the box plot analysis
2	identifies error values that exceed a constant multiple of the interquartile range for the
3	error values above a constant percentage of the error value data range.
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1 38. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of obtaining comprises 2 measuring the distance between a mounting surface of the printed-circuit device and a 3 printed-circuit at a plurality of locations.

- 1 39. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of acquiring location 2 information comprises an investigation of a quad flat pack package.
- 1 40. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of recording comprises 2 a two-dimensional measurement.
- 1 41. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of recording comprises 2 a three-dimensional measurement.
- 1 42. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording comprises an investigation of a quad flat pack package.
- 1 43. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording comprises a one-dimensional measurement.
- 1 44. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording comprises a two-dimensional measurement.
 - 45. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of recording comprises a three-dimensional measurement.

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1 46. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 6, wherein the step of
2 estimating an expected value for a plurality of solder joints comprises performing a
3 statistical analysis is performed on the recorded measurements of a set of solder joints
4 equidistant from the centroid of the printed-circuit device.

1 47. (Currently Amended) The program of claim 32, wherein the logic 2 configured to estimate, estimates determine an expected value is responsive to the 3 distance between the mounting surface of a printed-circuit device and a printed-circuit 4 board.